THE CONSEQUENCES OF

CHOOSING THE WRONG WARS:

ILLUMINATI/SECRET SOCIETIES vs.

COMMUNITY ACTIVIST VOGEL DENISE NEWSOME





30 YEARS OF STALKING

ILLUMINATI/TRILATERAL COMMISSION... ATTACKS ON NEWSOME



https://www.slideshare.net/VogelDenise/baker-donelsoniraq-study-group-report-findings



U. S. District Court Eastern District of Louisiana (New Orleans)
CIVIL DOCKET FOR CASE #: 2:99-cv-03109-GTP



Newsome v. Entergy NO Inc, et al Assigned to: Judge G. Thomas Porteous, Jr Demand: 10

Case in other court: 00-30521 Cause: 42:2000 Job Discrimination (Race)

Plaintiff Vogel Denise Ne

Defendant

Vogel Denise Newsome P. O. Box 31265 represented b

> 601-885-9536 Michelle Ebony Scott-Bennett Justice for All Law Center, LLC Gretna Plaza Bldg. 1500 Lafayette St.

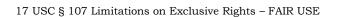
Jackson, MS 39286-1265

Suite 122 Gretna, LA 70053

(See above for address)
TERMINATED: 06/13/2000
LEAD ATTORNEY Renee Williams Masinter (See above for address, LEAD ATTORNEY ATTORNEY TO BE NOTICED

Barker Donelson Bearmar Berkowitz (New Orleans 201 St. Charles Ave. Suite 3600 New Orleans, LA 70170 504-566-5200 Fax: 504-636-4000 Email: akoch@bakerdon

https://www.slideshare.net/VogelDenise/baker-donelsonunited-states-supreme-court-power-point



USE OF HOUSE NIGGEROES

BEING THE REASON WHY 99.98% OF **BLACKS/AFRICAN-AMERICANS/PEOPLE-OF-COLOR**

NEVER KNEW OF THE "EVIL" and "WICKED" PLANS THE

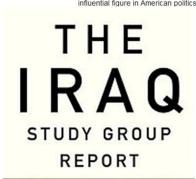
ILLUMINATI'S/SECRET SOCIETIES'

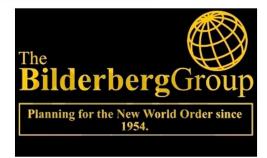
WHITE JEWS/ZIONISTS/SUPREMACISTS DEVISED FOR THEM!

Vernon Jordan

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Vernon Eulion Jordan Jr. (born August 15, 1935) is an American business executive and civil rights activist in the United States. A leading figure in the Civil Rights Movement, he was chosen by President Bill Clinton as a close adviser. Jordan has become known as an



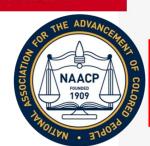


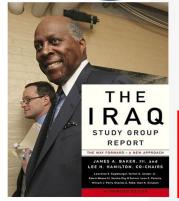


THE WAY FORWARD - A NEW APPROACH

JAMES A. BAKER, III, and LEE H. HAMILTON. CO-CHAIRS

Lawrence S. Eagleburger, Vernon E. Jordan, Jr., win Meese III. Sandra Day O'Connor, Leon E. Panett Wittiam J. Perry, Charles S. Robb, Alan K. Simpson





Vernon E. Jordan, Jr., is a Senior Managing Director of Lazard Freres & Co. Ilc in New York. He works with a diverse group of clients across a broad

Prior to joining Lazard, Mr. Jordan was a Senior Executive Partner with the law firm of Akin Gump Strauss Hauer & Feld, LLP, where he remains Senior Counsel. While there Mr. Jordan practiced general, corporate, legislative, and international law in Washington, D.C.

Before Akin Gump, Mr. Jordan held the following positions: President and Chief Executive Officer of the National Urban League, Inc.; Executive Director of the United Negro College Fund, Inc.; Director of the Voter Education Project of the Southern Regional Council; Attorney-Consultant, U.S. Office of Economic Opportunity; Assistant to the Executive Director of the Southern Regional Council; Georgia Field Director of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People; and an attorney in nivate practice in Arkansas and Georgia private practice in Arkansas and Georgia.

Mr. Jordan's presidential appointments include the President's Advisory Committee for the Points of Light Initiative Foundation, the Secretary of State's Advisory Committee on South Africa, the Advisory Council on Social Security, the Presidential Clemency Board, the American Revolution Bicentennial Commission, the National Advisory Committee on Selective Service, and the Council of the White House Conference "To Fulfill These Rights." In 1992, Mr. Jordan served as the Chairman of the Clinton Presidential Transit n Team

Mr. Jordan's corporate and other directorships include American Express Company; Asbury Automotive Group, Inc.; Howard University (Trustee); J. C. Penney Company, Inc.; Lazard Ltd.; Xerox Corporation; and the International Advisory Board of Barrick Gold.

Mr. Jordan is a graduate of DePauw University and the Howard University Law School. He holds honorary degrees from more than 60 colleges and universities in America. He is a member of the bars of Arkansas, the District of Columbia, Georgia, and the U.S. Supreme Court. He is a member of the American Bar Association, the National Bar Association, the Council on Foreign Relations, and the Bilderberg Meetings and he is President of the Economic Club of Washington, D.C. Mr. Jordan is the author of Vernon Can Read! A Memoir (Public Affairs, 2001).





YES, THE ILLUMINATI'S/SECRET SOCIETIES' WHITE JEWS/ZIONISTS/SUPREMACISTS **CONTROL** and **RUN** WHAT ARE KNOWN AS THE BLACK ORGANIZATIONS AS:

National Association for the Advancement Of Colored People (NAACP), United Negro College Fund (UNCF), National Urban League, Black Lives Matter. . .





United Negro College Fund Corrupted by Koch Money

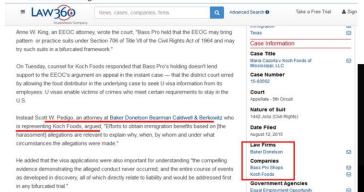
CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR

Morris Abram Named As First Jewish Chairman of United Negro College Fund

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NEW YORK (Aug. 25

Morris B. Abram, former president of the American Jewish Committee and Brandeis University, was named yesterday as the first Jewish chairman of the United Negro College Fund which raises money for 36 predominantly black colleges and universities. The schools have a total enrollment of 40,000 students and 2,500 full-time faculty members. As president, Mr. Abram will oversee an effort to raise \$10 million this year, compared with 1969 results of \$6,875,000. The fund tries to cover at least 10 percent of the operating costs of the 36 member colleges.



Dr. MICHAEL L. LOMAX
President and CEO of UNCF

Ine close relationship between the Koch brothers, the United Negro College Fund, and UNCF's handsomely compensated CEO shows how a once important creator of African American intellectual and economic growth has fallen for, as the old heads would day, the old okie-doke.





Scott W. Pedigo

Shareholder

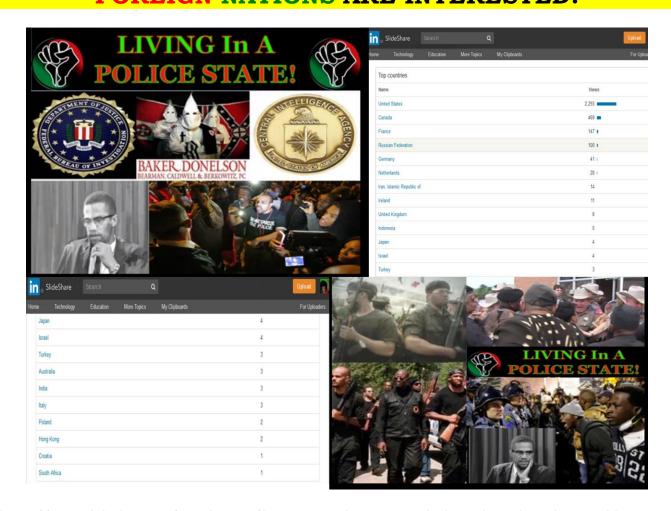
Jackson | T: 601.351.2492 | E: spedigo@bakerdonelson.com

Scott W. Pedigo, office managing shareholder of the Jackson office, represents manufacturing and commercial clients in employment, consumer products liability and commercial litigation matters.

TAKING THE EXPOSURE GLOBAL/WORLDWIDE:

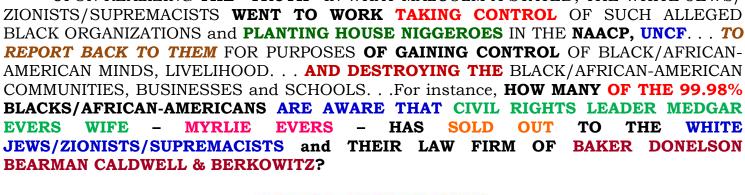
HOW MANY OF THE 99.98% ARE AWARE OF THE SPEECH GIVEN BY CIVIL RIGHTS LEADER MALCOLM X WHERE HE ADVISED THAT THE BLACK LEADERS NEVER KNOW WHAT PEOPLE AS HIMSELF and COMMUNITITY ACTIVIST VOGEL DENISE NEWSOME ARE DOING IN THE COMMUNITIES!

FOREIGN NATIONS ARE INTERESTED!



ILLUMINATI'S/SECRET SOCIETIES' COUNTER PLAN BASED UPON INFORMATION PROVIDED IN SUCH INTERVIEWS:

UPON REALIZING THE "TRUTH" IN WHAT MALCOLM X STATED, THE WHITE JEWS/ TO **EVERS** WIFE **MYRLIE EVERS** HAS SOLD OUT THE JEWS/ZIONISTS/SUPREMACISTS and THEIR LAW FIRM OF





The Medgar Evers Institute 🗗 is an Oregon nonprofit corporation organized many years ago by Mrs. Evers to promote racial reconciliation through civic engagement and education. The Firm's pro bono efforts allowed Mrs. Evers to reorganize the Institute to plan and coordinate events to commemorate the 50th anniversary of the assassination of Medgar Evers in June 2013.

dent Obama's second inauguration, and is a natio

With encouragement from Lisa Borden, the Firm's Pro Bono Shareholder, a Baker Donelson team v

- Len Martin and Tanya Wasser, shareholder and legal assistant respectively in the Jackson office, prepared and filed documents to relocate to Mississippi and change the name of the Institute to the Medgar and Myrlie Evers Institute; drafted new bylaws and other organizational documents; and assisted in registering the Institute as a charitable organiza states and D.C.
- · Carl Davis and Pat Clotfelter in the Firm's Atlanta and Birmingham offices, respectively, provided intellectual property advice including the trademark registration of a logo for the Institute to use for 50th anniversary commemorative events
- Alan worked with Mrs. Evers to recruit a new, Mississippi-based Board of Directors and develop an action plan for 50th nmemorative events held in Washington, D.C., and Jackson in June 2013. He drafted employment and consulting ontracts; advised on event management, insurance, fundraising conflicts of interest and nonprofit requirements; and trafted a proclamation honoring Medgar Evers, which was unanimously adopted by the Mississippi Legislature. drafted a proclamation honoring Medgar Evers, which was unanimously adopted by the Mississippi Legislature.

 Alan also advited the Institute and Mrs. Evers in connection with an agreement with the Mississippi Department of Archives and History for the preservation of personal papers, artifacts and memorabilia of Medgar and Myrlie Evers.
- and History fo





Represented Governors Haley Barbour and Phil Bryant, the RUSTY FORTENBERRY: Mississippi Department of Human Services and its Division of Family and Children Services defense and successful settlement of a complex class action suit alleging constitutional violations of the hights of foster children in the state of Mississippi.

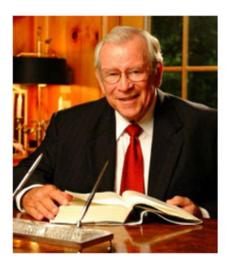


J. SCOTT NEWTON: Represented Mississippi Governors Haley Barbour and Phil Bryant in their personal capacities in three actions before the Mississippi Supreme Court and/or the United States Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit.



THE

COMMUNITY ACTIVIST VOGEL DENISE NEWSOME IS NOT HERE TO ENTERTAIN THE FOOLISHNESS OF THE LIKES OF SUCH GROUPS AS THE ILLUMINATI and/or THESE SECRET SOCIETIES



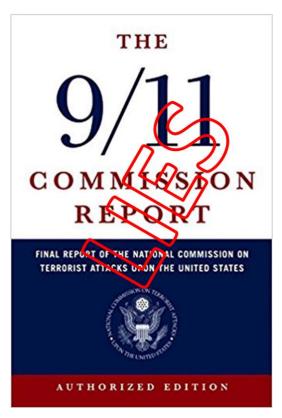
After more than 60 years as an attorney and public servant, Howard H. Baker Jr. is remembered as a leader and a bridge-builder. Known as "The Great Conciliator," he left an indelible mark during a distinguished career that included service as a senator, presidential advisor and ambassador.

He began his law practice in 1949, working at the law firm founded in Huntsville, Tennessee, in 1888 by his grandfather James Baker. He practiced law for 15 years before turning to politics.

His public service career began in 1966, when he became the first Republican popularly elected to the U.S. Senate from Tennessee. During his 18 years in the Senate, Senator Baker became known as "The Great Conciliator" for his ability to broker compromises across party lines. He gained national recognition in 1973 as vice chairman of the Senate Watergate Committee. Three years later, he was keynote speaker at the Republican National Convention, and was a 1980 candidate for the Republican presidential nomination. He concluded his Senate career in 1985 after two terms as majority leader (1981 to 1985) and two terms as minority leader (1977 to 1981).

A delegate to the United Nations in 1976, Senator Baker had extensive foreign policy experience. He served on the President's Foreign Intelligence Board from 1985 to 1987 and from 1988 to 1990, and was a member of the Council on Foreign Relations and the Washington Institute of Foreign Affairs. He served on the board of the Forum of International Policy and was an International Counselor for the Center for Strategic and International Studies.

COMMUNITY ACTIVIST VOGEL DENISE NEWSOME WAS MINDING HER OWN BUSINESS AND LIVING HER LIFE WHEN THESE IGNORANT, FOOLISH, EVIL AND WICKED WHITE JEWS/ZIONISTS/SUPREMACISTS WITH THEIR DUMB SECRET SOCIETIES MADE A STUPID MOVE TO LAUNCH ATTACKS AGAINST HER LIVELIHOOD AND THAT OF BLACKS/AFRICAN-AMERICAN/PEOPLE-OF-COLOR AND NATIONS-OF-COLOR!



The WHITE Jews/Zionists/Supremacists and their Law Firm of Baker Donelson Bearman Caldwell & Bekowitz and their CO-CONSPIRATORS PLANNED, ORCHESTRATED and CARRIED OUT the "DOMESTIC" Terrorist Attacks in the September 11, 2001 World Trade Center Bombings and other attacks!

Imagine the REACTION upon learning that Community Activist Vogel Denise Newsome was working as a "CLAIMS REVIEWER" regarding the PAYOUTS in the 9/11 World Trade Center Bombings!



https://www.slideshare.net/VogelDenise/baker-donelson-911-world-trade-center-bombings-coverup-police-brutality

THE CONSEQUENCES OF

CHOOSING THE WRONG WARS:

ILLUMINATI/SECRET SOCIETIES vs. COMMUNITY ACTIVIST VOGEL DENISE NEWSOME

PSALM 37:12-29

- The wicked plotteth against the just, and gnasheth upon him with his teeth.
- The LORD shall laugh at him: for he seeth that his day is coming.
- The wicked have drawn out the sword, and have bent their bow, to cast down the poor and needy, and to slay such as be of upright conversation.
- Their sword shall enter into their own heart, and their bows shall be broken.
- A little that a righteous man hath is better than the riches of many wicked.
- For the arms of the wicked shall be broken: but the LORD upholdeth the righteous...
- They shall not be ashamed in the evil time: and in the days of famine they shall be satisfied.
- But the wicked shall perish, and the enemies of the LORD shall be as the fat of lambs: they shall consume; into smoke shall they consume away.
- The wicked borroweth, and payeth not again: but the righteous sheweth mercy, and giveth...
- The steps of a good man are ordered by the LORD: and he delighteth in his way.
- Though he fall, he shall not be utterly cast down: for the LORD upholdeth him with his hand.
- I have been young, and now am old; yet have I not seen the righteous forsaken, nor his seed begging bread...
- For the LORD loveth judgment, and forsaketh not his saints; they are preserved for ever: but the seed of the wicked shall be cut off.
- The righteous shall inherit the land, and dwell therein forever.

FOR APPROXIMATELY EIGHT (8) YEARS SUCH TERRORIST/RACIST GROUPS AS THE

ILLUMINATI and/or SECRET SOCIETIES

GAVE THE PUBLIC/WORLD FALSE HOPE THROUGH LAWYERS

PRESIDENT BARACK and MICHELLE OBAMA

LYING ABOUT BRINGING CHANGE - - -

WELL FLORIDA A&M UNIVERSITY

WATERED GOD'S GIFT and

GAVE THE PUBLIC/WORLD

COMMUNITY ACTIVIST VOGEL DENISE NEWSOME



The United States' DESPOT **FEARED** Civil Rights Leaders **Medgar Evers**, **Malcolm X** and **Martin Luther King Jr.!** It is with **GREAT PLEASURE** that **Florida A&M University Sports Hall Of Famer** (**Track & Field**) and **Community Activist Vogel Denise Newsome ANCHORS** such a **POWERFUL LIFE-CHANGING RELAY!**

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PHONE: (513) 680-2922

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Trilateral Commission

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

The **Trilateral Commission** is a non-governmental, non-partisan discussion group founded by David Rockefeller^[1] in July 1973, to foster closer cooperation among North America, Western Europe, and Japan.

Contents

- 1 History
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 - 1.2 Meetings
- 2 Membership
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- 5 See also
- 6 References
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History

Founding

Sensing a profound discord among North American, European nations and Japan, the Trilateral Commission was founded to foster substantive political and economic dialogue across the world. To quote its founding declaration:

- "Growing interdependence is a fact of life of the contemporary world. It transcends and influences national systems... While it is important to develop greater cooperation among all the countries of the world, Japan, Western Europe, and North America, in view of their great weight in the world economy and their massive relations with one another, bear a special responsibility for developing effective cooperation, both in their own interests and in those of the rest of the world."
- "To be effective in meeting common problems, Japan, Western Europe, and North America will have to consult and cooperate more closely, on the basis of equality, to develop and carry out coordinated policies on matters affecting their common interests... refrain from unilateral actions incompatible with their interdependence and from actions detrimental to other regions... [and] take advantage of existing international and regional organizations and further enhance their role."
- "The Commission hopes to play a creative role as a channel of free exchange of opinions with other countries and regions. Further progress of the developing countries and greater improvement of East-West relations will be a major concern." [2]

Zbigniew Brzezinski, National Security Advisor to President Jimmy Carter from 1977 to 1981, professor at Columbia University, and a Rockefeller advisor who was a specialist on international affairs, left his post to organize the group along with:^[3]

- Henry D. Owen, foreign policy studies director at the Brookings Institution
- George S. Franklin, executive director of the Council on Foreign Relations in New York^[4]
- Robert R. Bowie, the Foreign Policy Association and director of the Harvard Center for International Affairs
- Gerard C. Smith, SALT I negotiator and its first North American chairman
- Marshall Hornblower, former partner at Wilmer, Cutler & Pickering
- William Scranton, former governor of Pennsylvania
- Edwin Reischauer, professor at Harvard University and United States Ambassador to Japan, 1961–1966
- Max Kohnstamm, European Policy Centre
- Tadashi Yamamoto, Japan Center for International Exchange^[5]

Other founding members included Alan Greenspan and Paul Volcker; both later heads of the Federal Reserve System.

The Trilateral Commission



Meetings

The Trilateral Commission initiated its biannual meetings schedule in October 1973 in Tokyo. In May 1976, the first plenary meeting of all of the Commission's regional groups took place in Kyoto. It was through these early meetings that the group effected its most profound influence, the integration of Japan into the global political conversation. Before these exchanges, the country was much more isolated on the international stage. [2] Since its founding, the discussion group has produced an official journal called *Trialogue*.

Membership

Membership is divided into numbers proportionate to each of the think tank's three regional areas. The North American continent is represented by 120 members (20 Canadian, 13 Mexican and 87 U.S. citizens). The European group has reached its limit of 170 members from almost every country on the continent; the ceilings for individual countries are 20 for Germany, 18 for France, Italy and the United Kingdom, 12 for Spain and 1–6 for the rest. At first, Asia and Oceania were represented only by Japan. However, in 2000 the Japanese group of 85 members expanded itself, becoming the Pacific Asia group, composed of 117 members: 75 Japanese, 11 South Koreans, 7 Australian and New Zealand citizens, and 15 members from the ASEAN nations (Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore and Thailand). The Pacific Asia group also included 9 members from China, Hong Kong and Taiwan. Currently, the Trilateral Commission claims "more than 100" Pacific Asian members. [2]

While Trilateral Commission bylaws exclude persons holding public office from membership,^[6] the think tank draws its participants from political, business, and academic worlds. The group is chaired by three individuals, one from each of the regions represented. The current chairmen are former <u>U.S. Assistant Secretary of Defense for International Security Affairs Joseph S. Nye, Jr.</u>, former head of the European Central Bank Jean-Claude Trichet and Yasuchika Hasegawa.^[7]

Criticisms

From the right

On the right, a number of prominent thinkers and politicians have criticized the Trilateral Commission as encroaching on national sovereignty. In his book *With No Apologies*, Republican Senator Barry Goldwater lambasted the discussion group by suggesting it was "a skillful, coordinated effort to seize control and consolidate the four centers of power: political, monetary, intellectual, and ecclesiastical... [in] the creation of a worldwide economic power superior to the political governments of the nation-states involved."^[8] Right-wing groups such as the John Birch Society and right wing conspiracy theorists such as Alex Jones also support this idea. ^{[9][10]}

Conservative pundit Charles Krauthammer sardonically alluded to the conspiracy theories when he was asked in 2012 who makes up the "Republican establishment", saying, "Karl Rove is the president. We meet every month on the full moon... [at] the Masonic Temple. We have the ritual: Karl brings the incense, I bring the live lamb and the long knife, and we began... with a pledge of allegiance to the Trilateral Commission."[11]

From the left

Social critic and academic Noam Chomsky has described the Trilateral Commission's goals in less-than-glowing terms. He criticizes the commission as undemocratic in pointing to its publication *The Crisis of Democracy*, in which the authors describe the strong involvement of the US population in the political process during the seventies as an "excess of democracy".^[12]

Essentially liberal internationalists from Europe, Japan and the United States, the liberal wing of the intellectual elite. That's where Jimmy Carter's whole government came from. [...] [The Trilateral Commission] was concerned with trying to induce what they called "more moderation in democracy"—turn people back to passivity and obedience so they don't put so many constraints on state power and so on. In particular they were worried about young people. They were concerned about the institutions responsible for the indoctrination of the young (that's their phrase), meaning schools, universities, church and so on—they're not doing their job, [the young are] not being sufficiently indoctrinated. They're too free to pursue their own initiatives and concerns and you've got to control them better. [13]

Other

While the Trilateral Commission is only one of many think tanks on the political left and right, conspiracy theorists believe the organization to be a central plotter of a world government or synarchy. As documented by journalist Jonathan Kay, Luke Rudkowski interrupted a lecture by former Trilateral Commission director Zbigniew Brzezinski in April 2007 and accused the organization and a few others of having orchestrated the attacks of September 11 to initiate a new world order.^[14]

2 of 4 8/24/17, 4:47 PM

Publications

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- Nuclear Disarmament and Nonproliferation. Washington, D.C.: Brookings Institution. 2011. ISBN 978-0-930503-94-9.

See also

- Bilderberg Group
- Bohemian Grove
- Council on Foreign Relations
- Internationalism (politics)
- Rockefeller family
- Samuel Huntington author of *The Crisis of Democracy*
- Shanghai Cooperation Organisation
- Valdai Discussion Club

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 Retrieved 2011-07-17.
- 3. http://www.rockarch.org/collections/rockorgs/trilateral.pdf "David Rockefeller's consultations culminated with a July 23–24, 1972 meeting at Pocantico Hills, NY attended by..."
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Further reading

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3 of 4 8/24/17, 4:47 PM

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External links

- Official website (http://www.trilateral.org/)
- Membership as of August 2011 (http://www.trilateral.org/download/file/TC%20list%208-11%20(5).pdf)
- Membership as of April 2015 (http://www.trilateral.org/download/file/TC_list_4-15(3).pdf)
- Is the Trilateral Commission the secret organization that runs the world? (http://www.straightdope.com/classics/a2_295.html) (Fact check against conspiracy theories from *The Straight Dope*, 1987)

Retrieved from "https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Trilateral_Commission&oldid=792597403"

■ This page was last edited on 27 July 2017, at 13:14.

Michael Toups

A great WordPress.com site

Chapter 6 – Trilateral Commission

The Trilateral Commission

The Trilateral Commission was founded in 1973 by David Rockefeller and Zbigniew Brzezinski. It has headquarters in New York, Paris, and Tokyo. It is said to be funded by the tax-exempt giants like Ford, Lilly Endowment, Rockefeller Brothers Fund, the German Marshall Fund, and corporations such as Time, Bechtel, Exxon, General Motors, Wells-Fargo, etc. Its membership is composed of past and present presidents, ambassadors, secretaries of state, Wall Street investors, NATO and pentagon military personnel, international bankers, foundation executives, media owners, university presidents and professors, senators and congressmen, and wealthy industrialists and entrepreneurs.

"The Trilateral Commission was formally established in 1973 and consisted of leaders in business, banking, government, and mass media from North America, Western Europe, and Japan," "With the blessing of the Bilderbergers and the CFR, the Trilateral Commission began organizing on July 23-24, 1973."

Its existence is a proven fact as verified by mainstream news sources such as Time Magazine, the Wall Street Journal, U.S. News and World Report, and The Washington Post.

In this Book written by Professor Antony Sutton, and Patrick M. Wood "America's Secret Establishment", Professor Antony Sutton wrote, "The organization is completely above ground. In fact," he stated, "this author has openly debated with George Franklin, Jr., ... of the Trilateral Commission on the radio.

"Mr. Franklin did show a rather ill-concealed dislike of the assault on his pet global New World Order–and made the mistake of attempting to disguise this objective."

"The Trilateral Commission was formed in 1973 by private citizens of Western Europe, Japan and North America to foster closer cooperation among these three regions on common problems. It seeks to improve public understanding of such problems, to support proposals for handling them jointly, and to nurture habits and practices of working together among these regions." Sutton and Wood then explain that the rest of their book is devoted to telling the truth about the commission.

Referring to the Task Force Report entitled, The Crisis of Democracy written in part by Harvard political scientist Samuel P. Huntington, author Marrs noted, "The paper suggested that leaders with 'expertise, seniority, experience and special talents' were needed to 'override the claims of democracy." He added, "Three years after his paper was published, Huntington was named coordinator of the 1979 presidential order creating the" Federal Emergency Management Agency" [FEMA], a civilian organization with the power to take totalitarian control of government functions in the event of a national 'emergency."

Trilateral Commission has infiltrated the executive branch of the United States government. Regarding the beginning of this pattern of infiltration into the White House, Sutton and Wood commented, "On 7 January 1977 Time magazine, whose editorin-chief, Hedley Donovan, is a powerful Trilateral Commissioner, named President Carter 'Man of the year." They added, "Carter had already chosen his cabinet.

Three of his cabinet members–Vance, Blumenthal, and Brown–were Trilateral Commissioners... In addition, Carter had appointed another fourteen Trilateral Commissioners to top government posts. ... These presidential appointees represented almost one-third of the Trilateral Commission members from the United States.

Try to give odds to that!"

The January 16, 1977 issue of The Washington Post expressed, "Trilateralists are not three-sided people.

They are members of a private, though not secret, international organization put together by the wealthy banker, David Rockefeller, to stimulate the establishment dialog between Western Europe, Japan and the United States.

But here is the unsettling thing about the Trilateral Commission. The President-elect [Carter] is a member. So is the Vice-President-elect Walter F. Mondale. So are the new Secretaries of State, Defense and Treasury. So is Zbigniew Brzezinski, who is a former Trilateral Director and Carter's National Security Adviser, also a bunch of others who will make foreign policy for America in the next four years."

The same issue of The Washington Post reported that, "At last count, 13 Trilateralists had gone into top positions in the administration, not to mention six other Trilateralists who are established as policy advisers, some of whom may also get jobs. This is extraordinary when you consider that the Trilateral Commission only has about 65 American members."

"The new President [Carter] appointed more than seventy men from the CFR, and over twenty members of the much smaller Trilateral Commission. Zbigniew Brzezinski acknowledges in his White House Memoirs: "Moreover, all the key foreign policy decision makers of the Carter Administration had previously served in the Trilateral Commission..." "Brzezinski," stated Perloff, "of course, became National Security Adviser, the same position Kissinger had held."

Commenting on a June 18, 1974 article in the New York Times, which stated, "the lives and fortunes of large numbers of human beings hang upon the outcome of decisions taken by a small handful of national leaders-on the Trilateral Commission," Gary Allen warned that "it was time to pay more attention—a lot more attention—to the group."

Regarding the consolidation process of the New World Order, Sutton and Wood commented, "In September 1974 Brzezinski was asked in an interview by the Brazilian newspaper Vega, 'How would you define this new world order?" Brzezinski answered, "We need to change the international system for a global system in which new, active and creative forces—recently developed—should be integrated.

This system needs to include Japan, Brazil, the oil producing countries, and even the USSR..." When asked if Congress would have an expanded or diminished role in the new system, Brzezinski declared, "The reality of our times is that a modern society such as the U.S. needs a central coordinating and renovating organ which cannot be made up of six hundred people."

This man is telling you that this New World Order will be a consolidation of individual countries into a single world government, which will be controlled by a small clique of insiders, who believe they are fit to rule the planet. Anytime you have a consolidation of the power such as this, you have a dictatorship!

Quoting from Brzezinski's book, Between Two Ages, Sutton and Wood wrote that Brzezinski described Marxism as, "a further vital and creative stage in the maturing of man's universal vision. ... Tension is unavoidable as man strives to assimilate the new into the framework of the old.

But at some point the old framework becomes overloaded." Brzezinski continued, "The new input can no longer be redefined into traditional forms, and eventually it asserts itself with compelling force. Today, though the old framework of international politics—with ... the fiction of sovereignty ... is clearly no longer compatible with reality."

According to Sutton and Wood, when Brzezinski uses the word "framework" he apparently means the U.S. Constitution; if this is so, then what he told us in 1971 is that the Trilateral Commission plans to make drastic changes to the U.S. Constitution.

"One of the most important 'frameworks' in the world ... is the United States Constitution," exclaimed Sutton and Wood. So why is it so important to these elite organizations that the Constitution be changed?

Well, they've admitted in their own publications that they tend to merge the U.S. and other NATO countries into a single world government controlled by the big corporations.

Would a constitution which guarantees individual freedom interfere with their plan?

Before the amendments made by the U.S. Patriot Act, and other anti-terror legislation, the constitution made it impossible for a totalitarian regime to flourish in the United States.

Sutton and Wood wrote that the Trilaterals wanted to assemble, "a national constitutional convention to re-examine the nation's formal institutional framework," in order to open up "a national dialog on the relevance of existing arrangements... The needed change," said the Trilaterals "is more likely to develop incrementally and less overtly." Brzezinski himself declared, "International banks and multinational corporations are acting and planning in terms that are far in advance of the political concepts of the nation-state."

Changing "existing arrangements" can be safely translated to existing freedoms, such the Bill of Rights. And "less overtly" means they'll be making these changes without your approval using deception. Sutton and Wood commented, "When Brzezinski refers to "develop(ing) incrementally and less overtly" he is specifically recommending a deceptive ... approach to abandonment of the Constitution." After the current "framework" is removed, it will apparently be replaced with a world constitution furnished by the UN, which doesn't guarantee personal freedom as a human right, but makes it a privilege, which is granted if possible.

When multinational corporations and banks run the planet, this is basically global fascism. Whether it's called fascism, or communism, or socialism, it's all the same, which is control by those in charge of the state, or super-state, in the case of the New World Order.

Again Sutton and Wood warn, "Those ideals which led to the heinous abuses of Hitler, Lenin, Stalin, and Mussolini are now being accepted as necessary inevitabilities by our elected and appointed leaders."

"Fascism should more appropriately be called corporatism because it is a merger of state and corporate power." -Benito Mussolini

In his bestselling book, With No Apologies, Senator Barry Goldwater described the true intentions of the Trilateral Commission as, "a skillful, coordinated effort to seize control and consolidate the four centers of power-political, monetary, intellectual, and ecclesiastical [religious]." He added, "All this is to be done in the interest of creating a more peaceful, more productive world." In other words by using a big lie.

The Task Force report put out by the TC entitled, The Crisis of Democracy stated, "The democratic political system no longer has any purpose. The concepts of equality and individualism give problems to authority. The media is not sufficiently subservient to the elite. Democracy has to be "balanced" (i.e., restricted). The authority and power of the central government must be increased."

These people are telling you that they're going to restrict your individual rights and centralize power into corporate hands. There can be no confusion over the objectives of this group that has infiltrated the executive branch since the 1970s.

They are telling you in their own publications exactly what they intend to do. They are setting up a worldwide fascist dictatorship!

"Trilateralism is the current operational vehicle for a corporate socialist takeover," advised Sutton and Wood. Likewise, Senator Goldwater calls the Trilateral Commission an "international cabal," which "is intended to be the vehicle for multinational consolidation of the commercial and banking interests by seizing control of the political government of the United States." This covert takeover has been done, not by a civil war but by infiltration.

On July 23, 1976, the Greek newspaper Exormisis recognized this overthrow when they wrote, "A new kind of fascism emerges with Carter. The oppression will not have the form we used to know, but it will be the 'depoliticization' of all citizens in the U.S., and the generating of all power in the executive branch, that is, the Presidency, without the President giving any account to the Congress or anybody else except the multinationals [Banks/Corporations], which have financed Carter's campaign... The accession to power of Carter ... would mean a new era of dictatorial policies."

"Like sheep going to slaughter, our people cannot smell the death that awaits them," warned Sutton and Wood.

"If we are about to be thrown into the pits of the dark ages, the most logical catalyst, or motivator on the horizon is the TRILATERAL COMMISSION."

Pictured left, Jimmy Carter of the Trilateral Commission chose fellow Trilaterals Zbigniew Brzezinski (center) for National Security Advisor, and Cyrus Vance for Secretary of State.

http://www.thehiddenevil.com/tc.asp (http://www.thehiddenevil.com/tc.asp)

Those commissioners who Carter brought into his administration (the initial "steering committee", if you will) were Walter Mondale (Vice President), Zbigniew Brzezinski (National Security Advisor), Cyrus Vance (Secretary of State), Harold Brown (Secretary of Defense) and W. Michael Blumenthal (Secretary of the Treasury,) among others. As the Washington Post phrased it: "Trilateralists are not three-sided people. They are members of a private, though not secret, international organization put together by the wealthy banker, David Rockefeller, to stimulate the establishment dialogue between Western Europe, Japan and the United States. "But here is the unsettling thing about the Trilateral Commission.

The President-elect is a member. So is Vice-President-elect Walter F. Mondale. So are the new Secretaries of State, Defense and Treasury, Cyrus R. Vance, Harold Brown and W. Michael Blumenthal.

So is Zbigniew Brzezinski, who is a former Trilateral director, and, Carter's national security advisor, also a bunch of others who will make foreign policy for America in the next four years."3

Before Carter's term was completed, no less than 18 members (thirty percent of the U.S. Commission membership) of the Trilateral Commission served in his administration. Coincidence? Hardly!

This article purposely leaves out discussion of the non-U.S. membership of the Commission membership, which will be saved for another day. Suffice it to say that the European and Japanese contingents were just as powerful and effective in their respective home countries.

Approximately one-third of the membership came from Europe and the other third from Japan. The joint membership met annually (no press allowed) to formulate policy and action plans for their respective regions. Many, if not most, of their policies were published in the Commission's quarterly journal, Trialogue.

The most damning argument ever launched against the Trilateral Commission is the unconstitutional influence of other governments and forces upon the U.S. For instance, Commission members are not elected nor representative of the general population of the U.S., yet they effectively dominated the Executive Branch of the U.S. government.

When the Commission resolved policies (behind closed-doors) with non-U.S. members, who were a mere one-third minority, could it be said that foreign influences effectively controlled U.S. policy?

These concerns were never addressed by Congress or the Judiciary. The Executive branch would have nothing to address because it has been continuously dominated by Commission members — who repeatedly assured us that there was no such conflict of interest.

Of course, the answer to these questions are self-evident: U.S. interests, economic and political, have been subverted.

Current Trilateral Membership

The following list of north American members is not exhaustive. These are selected because of their high visibility in positions within Corporate, Political or Economic and Press. The purpose here is to show that the Trilateral Commission has grown, rather than declined, in strength over the years.

Keep in mind that there is no enrollment or application process to belong to the Trilateral Commission. One is invited to join in a manner similar to a college student being "tapped" for membership in a fraternity. Thus, the process is highly selective and discrete.

Candidates are thoroughly screened before invitation is delivered. For this reason, one can be relatively sure that anyone who is or who has ever been a member of the Commission is in the core of the global elite.

There are likely a few members who are not truly a part of the core, but for the sake of aggregate analysis, this is not an important issue. Trilateral Commission Membership, 1973

Banking Related

Ernest C. Arbuckle Chairman, Wells Fargo Bank
George W. Ball Senior Partner, Lehman Brothers
Alden W. Clausen President, Bank of America

Archibald K. Davis Chairman, Wachovia Bank and Trust Company

*Peter G. Peterson Chairman, Lehman Brothers *David Rockefeller Chairman, Chase Manhattan Bank

Robert V. Roosa Partner, Brown Brothers Harriman & Company Bruce K. MacLaury President, Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis

John H. Perkins President, Continental Illinois National Bank and Trust Company

Press Related

Doris Anderson Editor, Chantelaine Magazine

Emmett Dedmon Vice-President and Editorial Director, Field Enterprises, Inc.

Hedley Donovan Editor-in-Chief, Time, Inc.

Carl T. Rowan Columnist

Arthur R. Taylor President, Columbia Broadcasting System, Inc.

Labor Related

*I. W. Abel, President United Steelworkers of America Leonard Woodcock President, United Automobile Workers Lane Kirkland Secretary-Treasurer, AFL-CIO

Senate/Congress

John B. Anderson House of Representatives *Lawton Chiles* **United States Senate** Barber B. Conable, Jr. House of Representatives John C. Culver **United States Senate** Wilbur D. Mills House of Representatives Walter F. Mondale **United States Senate** William V. Roth, Jr. **United States Senate** Robert Taft Jr. **United States Senate**

Other Political

James E. Carter, Jr. Governor of Georgia
Daniel J. Evans Governor of Washington

*William W. Scranton Former Governor of Pennsylvania

Corporate

J. Paul Austin Chairman, The Coca-Cola Company
W. Michael Blumenthal Chairman, Bendix Corporation
*Patrick E. Haggerty Chairman, Texas Instruments
William A. Hewitt Chairman, Deere and Company

Edgar F. Kaiser
Lee L. Morgan
David Packard
Chairman, Kaiser Industries Corporation
President, Caterpillar Tractor Company
Chairman, Hewlett-Packard Company
President, Marcona Corporation
Arthur M. Wood
Chairman, Sears, Roebuck & Company

William M. Roth Roth Properties

Academic

David M. Abshire Chairman, Georgetown University Center for Strategic and International Studies

Graham Allison Professor of Politics, Harvard University

Robert R. Bowie Clarence Dillon Professor of International Affairs, Harvard University

*Harold Brown President, California Institute of Technology

Richard N. Cooper Provost and Frank Altschul Professor of International Economics, Yale University

Paul W. McCracken Edmund Ezra Day Professor of Business Administration, University of Michigan Marina von N. Whitman Distinguished Public Service Professor of Economics, University of Pittsburgh Carroll L. Wilson Professor of Management, Alfred P. Sloan School of Management, MIT Edwin O. Reischauer University Professor, Harvard University; former U.S. Ambassador to Japan

Law Firms

Warren Christopher Partner, OÂ'Melveny and Myers

William T. Coleman, Jr. Senior Partner, Dilworth, Paxson, Kalish, Levy & Coleman

Lloyd N. Cutler Partner, Wilmer, Cutler, and Pickering

*Gerard C. Smith Counsel, Wilmer, Cutler & Pickering

Cyrus R. Vance Partner, Simpson, Thacher and Bartlett

*Paul C. Warnke

Partner, Clifford, Warnke, Glass, McIlwain & Finney Associations

Lucy Wilson Benson President, League of Women Voters of the United States

Kenneth D. Naden Executive Vice President, National Council of Farmer Cooperatives

Think-Tanks

Thomas L. Hughes President, Carnegie Endowment for International Peace

Henry D. Owen Director, Foreign Policy Studies Program, the Brookings Institution

Miscellaneous

Anthony Solomon Consultant

* Indicates member of Executive Committee

Rockefeller and Brzezinski's strategy was nefarious, yet brilliant.

The election of democrat James Earl "I will never lie to you" Carter was assured by delivering the mostly democratic labor vote. This was accomplished by adding to the inner core: Leonard Woodcock (UAW), I.W. Abel (United Steelworkers) and Lane Kirkland (AFL-CIO).

By 1977, three more labor leaders were added to the membership: Glenn E. Watts (Communications Workers of America), Martin J. Ward (president of United Association of Journeymen and Apprentices), and Sol Chaikin, president of the International Ladies Garment Workers Union.

Leonard Woodcock served as Chief Envoy to China under Carter, and was largely responsible for solidifying economic and political ties with Communist China. [Editor's note: Any reader who is or was a member of one of these unions will instantly have flashes of insight as to the enduring duplicity of labor management — you were effectively "sold down the river" starting 1973 and continuing into the present.]

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These concerns were never addressed by Congress or the Judiciary. The Executive branch would have nothing to address because it has been continuously dominated by Commission members — who repeatedly assured us that there was no such conflict of interest. Of course, the answer to these questions are self-evident: U.S. interests, economic and political, have been subverted.

The economic subversion of the U.S. was studied in The August Review's America Plundered by the Global Elite and was likened to the plundering of a nation, the likes of which have not been seen in modern history.

Current Trilateral Membership

The following list of north American members is not exhaustive. These are selected because of their high visibility in positions within Corporate, Political or Economic and Press.

A future installment of The August Review will examine the entire membership list more carefully and completely. The purpose here is to show that the Trilateral Commission has grown, rather than declined, in strength over the years.

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U.S. Members who have been subsequently added to the Commission over the years include, in part, the following list.

Additional Trilateral Commission Membership through 2005

Banking Related

Paul Wolfowitz President, World Bank

Paul A. Volker Former Chairman, Wolfensohn & Co., Inc., New York; Frederick H. Schultz Professor Emeritus, International Economic Policy, Princeton University; former Chairman, Board of Governors, U.S. Federal Reserve System; Honorary North American Chairman and former North American Chairman, Trilateral Commission

Alan Greenspan Chairman of the Federal Reserve, Board of Directors of Bank for International Settlements

Geoffrey T. Boisi former Vice Chairman, JPMorgan Chase, New York, NY

E. Gerald Corrigan Managing Director, Goldman, Sachs & Co., New York, NY; former President, Federal Reserve Bank of New York

Jamie Dimon President and Chief Operating Officer, JPMorgan Chase, New York, NY

Roger W. Ferguson, Jr. Vice Chairman, Board of Governors, Federal Reserve System, Washington, DC

Stanley Fischer Governor of the Bank of Israel, Jerusalem; former President, Citigroup International and Vice Chairman, Citgroup, New York, NY; former First Deputy Managing Director, International Monetary Fund

Richard W. Fisher President and Chief Executive Officer, Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas, Dallas, TX; former U.S. Deputy Trade Representative

Michael Klein Chief Executive Officer, Global Banking, Citigroup Inc.; Vice Chairman, Citibank International PLC; New York, NY

*Sir Deryck C. Maughan – former Vice Chairman, Citigroup, New York, NY

Jay Mazur President Emeritus, UNITE (Union of Needletrades, Industrial and Textile Employees); Vice Chairman, Amalgamated Bank of New York; and President, ILGWU's 21st Century Heritage Foundation, New York, NY

Hugh L. McColl, Jr. Chairman, McColl Brothers Lockwood, Charlotte, NC; former Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Bank of America Corporation

Robert S. McNamara Lifetime Trustee, Trilateral Commission, Washington, DC; former President, World Bank; former U.S. Secretary of Defense; former President, Ford Motor Company.

Kenneth Rogoff Professor of Economics and Director, Center for International Development, Harvard University, Cambridge, MA; former Chief Economist and Director, Research Department, International Monetary Fund, Washington, DC

John Thain Chief Executive Officer, New York Stock Exchange, Inc.; former President and Co-Chief Operating Officer, Goldman Sachs & Co., New York, NY

Lawrence H. Summers President, Harvard University, Cambridge, MA; former U.S. Secretary of the Treasury

Press Related

David G. Bradley Chairman, Atlantic Media Company, Washington, DC

David Gergen Professor of Public Service, John F. Kennedy School of Government, Harvard University, Cambridge, MA; Editor-at-Large, U.S. News and World Report

Donald E. Graham Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, The Washington Post Company, Washington, DC

Karen Elliott House Senior Vice President, Dow Jones & Company, and Publisher, The Wall Street Journal, New York, NY

Gerald M. Levin Chief Executive Officer Emeritus, AOL Time Warner, Inc., New York, NY

Fareed Zakaria Editor, Newsweek International, New York, NY

Mortimer B. Zuckerman Chairman and Editor-in-Chief, U.S. News & World Report, New York, NY

Labor Related

Sandra Feldman President Emeritus, American Federation of Teachers, Washington, DC

John J. Sweeney President, AFL-CIO, Washington, DC

Intelligence Related

John M. Deutch Institute Professor, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA; former Director of Central Intelligence; former U.S. Deputy Secretary of Defense

Henry A. Kissinger Chairman, Kissinger Associates, Inc., New York, NY; former U.S. Secretary of State; former U.S. Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs

James B. Steinberg Vice President and Director of the Foreign Policy Studies Program, The Brookings Institution, Washington, DC; former U.S. Deputy National Security Advisor

William H. Webster Senior Partner, Milbank, Tweed, Hadley & McCloy LLP, Washington, DC; former U.S.

Director of Central Intelligence; former Director, U.S. Federal Bureau of Investigation; former Judge of the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit

Susan Rice Senior Fellow, Brookings Institution, Washington, DC; former Assistant Secretary of State for African Affairs; former Special Assistant to the President and Senior Director for African Affairs, NationalSecurity Council

Senate/Congress

Richard A. Gephardt former Member (D-MO), U.S. House of Representatives

Jim Leach Member (R-IA), U.S. House of Representatives

Charles B. Rangel Member (D-NY), U.S. House of Representatives

John D. Rockefeller IV Member (D-WV), U.S. Senate

Dianne Feinstein Member (D-CA), U.S. Senate

*Thomas S. Foley Partner, Akin Gump Strauss Hauer & Feld, Washington, DC; former U.S. Ambassador to Japan; former Speaker of the U.S. House of Representatives (D-WA); North American Chairman, Trilateral Commission

Other Political

George H. W. Bush President of the United States

William Jefferson Clinton President of the United States

Richard B. Cheney Vice President of the United States

Paula J. Dobriansky U.S. Under Secretary of State for Global Affairs

Robert B. Zoellick Former U.S. Deputy Secretary of State, U.S. Trade Representative

Madeleine K. Albright Principal, The Albright Group LLC, Washington, DC; former U.S. Secretary of State

C. Fred Bergsten Director, Institute for International Economics, Washington, DC; former U.S. Assistant Secretary of the Treasury for International Affairs

William T. Coleman, Jr. Senior Partner and the Senior Counselor, OÂ'Melveny & Myers, Washington, DC; former U.S. Secretary of Transportation

Lynn Davis Senior Political Scientist, The RAND Corporation, Arlington, VA; former U.S. Under Secretary of State for Arms Control and International Security

Richard N. Haass President, Council on Foreign Relations, New York, NY; former Director, Policy Planning, U. S. Department of State; former Director of Foreign Policy Studies, The Brookings Institution

*Carla A. Hills Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Hills & Company, International Consultants, Washington, DC; former U.S. Trade Representative; former U.S. Secretary of Housing and Urban Development

Richard Holbrooke Vice Chairman, Perseus LLC, New York, NY; Counselor, Council on Foreign Relations; former U.S. Ambassador to the United Nations; former Vice Chairman of Credit Suisse First Boston Corporation; former U.S. Assistant Secretary of State for European and Canadian Affairs; former U.S. Assistant Secretary of State for East Asian and Pacific Affairs; and former U.S. Ambassador to Germany

Winston Lord Co-Chairman of Overseeers and former Co-Chairman of the Board, International Rescue Committee, New York, NY; former U.S. Assistant Secretary of State for East Asian and Pacific Affairs; former U.S. Ambassador to China

*Joseph S. Nye, Jr. Distinguished Service Professor at Harvard University, John F. Kennedy School of Government, Harvard University, Cambridge, MA; former Dean, John F. Kennedy School of Government; former U.S. Assistant Secretary of Defense for International Security Affairs

Richard N. Perle Resident Fellow, American Enterprise Institute, Washington, DC; member and former Chairman, Defense Policy Board, U.S. Department of Defense; former U.S. Assistant Secretary of Defense for International Security Policy

Thomas R. Pickering Senior Vice President, International Relations, The Boeing Company, Arlington, VA; former U.S. Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs; former U.S. Ambassador to the Russian Federation, India, Israel, El Salvador, Nigeria, the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, and the United Nations

Strobe Talbott President, The Brookings Institution, Washington, DC; former U.S. Deputy Secretary of State

Miscellaneous

Ernesto Zedillo Director, Yale Center for the Study of Globalization, Yale University, New Haven, CT; former President of Mexico [Ed . Note: not an American citizen]

David J. O'Reilly Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Chevron Corporation, San Ramon, CA

^{*} Indicates member of Executive Committee

The More Things Change, the More They Remain the Same

The occupational makeup of the Trilateral Commission has obviously changed over time, but that only represents the maturing of the global-ization process. What was needed in 1973 is not what is needed today. Still, there are some consistencies that are easily observed. The most obvious consistency (and expansion) is the very large representation by the banking cartel: two chairmen and two board members of of the Federal Reserve System, two presidents of the World Bank, director of the International Monetary Fund, and chairmen/CEO's of several prominent global banks.

This does not take into account any linkages from Commission members who are also directors of commercial and investment banks. Financial representation is not incidental because money is the life-blood of globalism.

Through membership, the Trilateral Commission dominates the executive branch of the U.S. government, the Federal Reserve System, and is closely aligned with the Bank for International Settlements, which controls the world's currencies and money supply. This is seen even without analyzing the remaining two-thirds of Commission membership that resides outside of the U.S.

The Institute for International Economics (IIE)

The IIE is an example of a key organization in which one might identify other core members of the global elite. Founded in 1981, IIE is a small policy-work organization with only 60 employees and an annual budget of \$7 million.

According to its own web site, "The Institute for International Economics is a private, nonprofit, nonpartisan research institution devoted to the study of international economic policy. Since 1981 the Institute has provided timely, objective analysis and concrete solutions to key international economic problems.

"The Institute attempts to anticipate emerging issues and to be ready with practical ideas to inform and shape public debate. Its audience includes government officials and legislators, business and labor leaders, management and staff at international organizations, university-based scholars and their students, other research institutions and nongovernmental organizations, the media, and the public at large.

It addresses these groups both in the United States and around the world."

This would be easily overlooked unless you examine IIE's board of directors. Trilateralist Peter G. Peterson is chairman of the board. Anthony M. Solomon is honorary chairman of the executive committee. Solomon is the former chairman of Warburg (USA) Inc., former president and CEO of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and former Under Secretary of the Treasury for Monetary Affairs. Solomon was listed only as "Consultant" on the 1973 Commission membership list.

There are 12 other Trilateral Commission members (including David Rockefeller) on IIE's board of directors! Having established Trilateral influence (if not total domination), consider the following non-Commission IIE board members who might well be candidates for inclusion in the core of the global elite:

Chen Yuan – Governor, China Development Bank; former Deputy Governor, Peoples Bank of China.

Jacob A. Frenkel – Former governor of the Bank of Israel and former IMF economic counselor and director of research.

Maurice R. Greenberg – Chairman, American International Group.

David O'Reilly - Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, ChevronTexaco Corporation.

James W. Owens – Chairman and CEO of Caterpillar.

Lawrence H. Summers – President, Harvard University; former Secretary of the Treasury.

These are just a few of the non-Trilateral board members, and are reviewed only to show the process by which one might identify additional global elite core members.

There are other organizations like IIE that could stand similar analysis of purpose, leadership and directorship.

Conclusion

As was declared in the beginning of this analysis, the stampede to globalism is conducted by a small group of individuals with aspirations for global dominance. It should be noted again that there are members of the global "core" who are not members of the Trilateral Commission.

In general, they are driven by lust for money and power. They have clearly made an end-run around the American people in order to achieve personal goals that, in many cases, are diametrically opposed to U.S. interests.

If the American people fully understood the magnitude of the deception and power-grab, they would immediately and totally repudiate these individuals and their self-serving global schemes.

In 1971, Zbigniew Brzezinski wrote in Between Two Ages: The Technetronic Era,"...the nation-state as a fundamental unit of man's organized life has ceased to be the principal creative force: International banks and multinational corporations are acting and planning in terms that are far in advance of the political concepts of the nation-state."

Brzezinski could not have been more clear than this.

Of the few people who paid attention to Brzezinski previously, only one person needed to receive his message fully: David Rockefeller, chairman of Chase Manhattan Bank and consummate globalist. When they teamed up to start the Trilateral Commission in 1973, the rest, as we say, "became history."

So, how can one determine if an individual is a member of the core of the global elite? There is a good chance that such a person will be:

closely aligned with and accepted by many of the people already identified as core;

 \hat{A} often family-related to other core members (i.e., the Bush family, Rockefeller family, etc.);

part of the "revolving-door" that switches them in and out of important and critical positions in government, academia and business;

a member (director or high-level executive) of an organization identified as a core company, such as J.P. Morgan Chase, Citigroup, Caterpillar Tractor, etc.;

educated at a prestigious and global-minded university;

 \hat{A} belong to one or more organizations that are dominated by people already identified as core.

This list is not comprehensive, nor is it meant to be some simplistic litmus test. It is important to realize that many names being bandied about are NOT part of the core of the global elite, but rather become decoys that shift the focus away from the real elite core. Discretion, common sense and study is required to understand the difference between the two.

[Footnotes]

- 1. Novak, Jeremiah, Christian Science Monitor (February 7, 1977)
- 2. The Trilateral Commission, Membership List, http://www.trilateral.org (http://www.trilateral.org)
- 3. Washington Post, January 16, 1977
- 4. op. cit.
- 5. About Us, http://www.iie.com/institute/aboutiie.cfm)
- 6. Board of Directors, http://www.iie.com/institute/board.cfm (http://www.iie.com/institute/board.cfm
- 7. Brzezinski, Zbigniew, Between Two Ages: The Technetronic Era, (Penguin Books, 1971)

http://www.augustforecast.com/2005/11/14/the global elite who are they / (http://www.augustforecast.com/2005/11/14/the global elite who are they /)

Senate/Congress

John B. Anderson House of Representatives (R)

Lawton Chiles United States Senate (D)

Barber B. Conable, Jr. House of Representatives (R)

John C. Culver United States Senate (D)

Wilbur D. Mills House of Representatives (D)

Walter F. Mondale United States Senate (D)

William V. Roth, Jr. United States Senate (R)

Robert Taft Jr. United States Senate (R)

THE TRILATERAL COMMISSION

DECEMBER 2012 *Executive Committee

JEAN-CLAUDE TRICHET JOSEPH S. NYE, JR. YOTARO KOBAYASHI European Chairman North American Chairman Asia Pacific Chairman

DAVID ROCKEFELLER

Founder and Honorary Chairman

[Foot Note]

The "following list" are the partial list of memebers that have or actively serving in The White House, State ,The State Department, The Defence Department, The Department of Treasurey and the Supreme Court. Members of both Conress and the Senate.

These people are keys players that help determine and draft policies for our country, and you will notice that many names you reckonize serve mulitple rolls inside the (TL and the CFR).

Every past President has his own (TL).

In addition your will find members representing the Media, Banks, Buisness, Universities, and Private Buisnesses.

NORTH AMERICAN GROUP

Madeleine K. Albright, Chair, Albright Stonebridge Group, Washington; former U.S Secretary of State

Graham Allison, Director, Belfer Center for Science and International Affairs, and Douglas Dillon Professor of Government, John F. Kennedy School of Government, Harvard University, Cambridge; former Dean, John F. Kennedy School of Government; former Special Advisor to the Secretary of Defense and former Assistant Secretary of Defense

*C. Fred Bergsten, Director, Peterson Institute for International Economics, Washington; former U.S. Assistant Secretary of the Treasury for International Affairs

Robert D. Blackwill, Henry A. Kissinger Senior Fellow for U.S. Foreign Policy, Council on Foreign Relations, Washington; former Deputy Assistant to President George W. Bush and Deputy National Security Advisor for Strategic Planning; former Ambassador to India

Adm. Dennis B. Blair, former U.S. Director of National Intelligence; former Commander in Chief, U.S. Pacific Command

Harold Brown, Counselor and Trustee, Center for Strategic and International Studies, Washington; former General Partner, Warburg Pincus & Company; former U.S. Secretary of Defense

R. Nicholas Burns, Professor of the Practice of Diplomacy and International Politics and Member of the Board, Belfer Center for Science and International Affairs, John F. Kennedy School of Government, Harvard University, Cambridge; former U.S. Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs

Wendy J. Chamberlin, President, Middle East Institute, Washington; former U.S. Ambassador to Pakistan

Eliot Cohen, Robert E. Osgood Professor of Strategic Studies, Director of Strategic Studies Program, and Director of Philip Merrill Center for Strategic Studies, Paul H. Nitze School of Advanced International Studies, The Johns Hopkins University, Washington; former Counselor to the U.S. Secretary of State

William T. Coleman, Jr., Senior Partner and the Senior Counselor, O'Melveny & Myers, Washington; former U.S. Secretary of Transportation; Lifetime Trustee, Trilateral Commission

E. Gerald Corrigan, Managing Director, Goldman, Sachs & Co., New York; former President, Federal Reserve Bank of New York

Paula J. Dobriansky, Distinguished National Security Chair at the U.S. Naval Academy; Adjunct Senior Fellow, Belfer Center for Science and International Affairs, John F. Kennedy School of Government, Harvard University; former U.S. Under Secretary of State for Democracy and Global Affairs

William C. Dudley, President and Chief Executive Officer, Federal Reserve Bank of New York, New York

Richard W. Fisher, President and Chief Executive Officer, Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas, Dallas; former U.S. Deputy Trade Representative

Michèle Flournoy, Senior Advisor, Boston Conslting Group, Bethesda, MD; Senior Fellow, Belfer Center for Science and International Affairs, John F. Kennedy School of Government, Harvard University, Cambridge; former U.S. Under Secretary of Defense for Policy

*Thomas S. Foley, former Speaker of the U.S. House of Representatives; former U.S. Ambassador to Japan; former North American Chairman, Trilateral Commission, Washington

Austan Goolsbee, Professor of Economics at the University of Chicago's Booth School of Business; former Chairman, U.S. President Barack Obama's Council of Economic Advisers

Jamie S. Gorelick, Partner, WilmerHale, Washington; former Deputy Attorney General; former General Counsel, Department of Defense

*Allan E. Gotlieb, Senior Advisor, Bennett Jones LLP, Toronto; Chairman, Sotheby's, Canada; former Canadian Ambassador to the United States; North American Deputy Chairman, Trilateral Commission

Richard N. Haass, President, Council on Foreign Relations, New York; former Director, Policy Planning, U. S. Department of State; former Director of Foreign Policy Studies, The Brookings Institution

*John J. Hamre, President and Chief Executive Officer, Center for Strategic and International Studies, Washington; former U.S. Deputy Secretary of Defense and Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller)

Jane Harman, Director, President, and CEO, Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars, Washington; former Member (D-CA), U.S. House of Representatives

*Carla A. Hills, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Hills & Company, International Consultants, Washington; former U.S. Trade Representative; former U.S. Secretary of Housing and Urban Development

Reuben Jeffery III, Chief Executive Officer, Rockefeller Financial, New York; former Under Secretary of State for Economic, Energy and Agricultural Affairs, U.S. State Department; and former Chair, Commodity Futures Trading Commission

Kenneth I. Juster, Partner and Managing Director, Warburg Pincus, New York; former U.S. Under Secretary of Commerce for Industry and Security; former Counselor (Acting) of the U.S. Department of State

Robert M. Kimmitt, Senior International Counsel, WilmerHale, Washington; former U.S. Deputy Secretary of the Treasury; former U.S. Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs; and former U.S. Ambassador to Germany

Henry A. Kissinger, Chairman, Kissinger Associates, Inc., New York; former U.S. Secretary of State; former U.S. Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs; Lifetime Trustee, Trilateral Commission

Winston Lord, Chairman Emeritus and former Co-Chairman of the Board, International Rescue Committee, New York; former President, Council on Foreign Relations; former U.S. Assistant Secretary of State for East Asian and Pacific Affairs; former U.S. Ambassador to China

David H. McCormick, Co-President, Bridgewater Associates, Westport; former Under Secretary for International Affairs, U.S. Department of the Treasury

Thomas F. McLarty, III, President, McLarty Associates, Washington; former White House Chief of Staff to President Clinton

Lori E. Murray, Director, National Board of Directors, World Affairs Councils of America, Washington, former WACA President & CEO; former Special Advisor to the President on the Chemical Weapons Convention; former Assistant Director, U.S. Arms Control & Disarmament Agency

John D. Negroponte, Vice Chair, McLarty Associates, Washington; former U.S. Deputy Secretary of State; former U.S. Director of National Intelligence; former U.S. Ambassador to the United Nations and former U.S. Ambassador to Iraq

*Joseph S. Nye, Jr., University Distinguished Service Professor and former Dean, John F. Kennedy School of Government, Harvard University, Cambridge; former Chair, National Intelligence Council and former U.S. Assistant Secretary of Defense for International Security Affairs; North American Chairman, Trilateral Commission

Peter R. Orszag, Vice Chairman, Global Banking, Citi Institutional Clients Group, New York; former Director, U.S. Office of Management and Budget

Meghan L. O'Sullivan, Evron and Jeane Kirkpatrick Professor of the Practice of International Affairs, John F. Kennedy School of Government, Harvard University, Cambridge; former Special Assistant to President

George W. Bush and Deputy National Security Advisor for Iraq and Afghanistan, National Security Council, The White House

Thomas R. Pickering, Vice Chair, Hills & Company, Washington; former Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs; former U.S. Ambassador to the Russian Federation, India, Israel, El Salvador, Nigeria, Jordan, and the United Nations; former Senior Vice President, International Relations. The Boeing Company

John Podesta, Chair, Center for American Progress, Washington; former Chief of Staff to President William J. Clinton

Condoleezza Rice, Professor of Political Science, Stanford University, and Thomas and Barbara Stephenson Senior Fellow on Public Policy, Hoover Institution, Palo Alto; former U. S. Secretary of State; former National Security Advisor to President George W. Bush

David Rockefeller, Founder, Honorary Chairman, and Lifetime Trustee, Trilateral Commission, New York

Anne-Marie Slaughter, Bert G. Kerstetter '66 University Professor of Politics and International Affairs, Princeton University, Woodrow Wilson School of Public and International Affairs, Princeton; former Director, Policy Planning, U. S. Department of State

James B. Steinberg, Dean, Maxwell School, and University Professor of Social Science, International Affairs and Law, Syracuse University, Syracuse; former Deputy Secretary of State, U.S. Department of State

Lawrence H. Summers, Charles W. Eliot University Professor, John F. Kennedy School of Government, and former President, Harvard University; fomer Director, National Economic Council, The White House

*Strobe Talbott, President, The Brookings Institution, Washington; former U.S. Deputy Secretary of State

Ellen O. Tauscher, Strategic Advisor for <u>Baker, Donelson, Bearman, Caldwell & Berkowitz, P</u>C, Washington; former U.S. Special Envoy for Strategic Stability and Missile Defense; Vice Chair-designate of the Atlantic Council's Brent Scowcroft Center on International Security. Washington; former Member (D-CA), U.S. House of Representatives; and former Under Secretary of State

Frances Fragos Townsend, Senior Vice President, MacAndrews and Forbes Holdings, Inc., New York; CNN National Security Contributor; former Assistant to President George W. Bush for Homeland Security and Counterterrorism and Chair, Homeland Security Council

Ann M. Veneman, former Executive Director, UNICEF; former U.S. Secretary of Agriculture; New York

*Paul A. Volcker, former Chairman, President's Economic Recovery Advisory Board; former Chairman, Wolfensohn & Co., Inc., New York; Frederick H. Schultz Professor Emeritus, International Economic Policy, Princeton University; former Chairman, Board of Governors, U.S. Federal Reserve System; Honorary North American Chairman and former North American Chairman, Trilateral Commission

David Walker, Founder, President, and Chief Executive Officer, Comeback America Initiative, Bridgeport; former Comptroller General of the United States

R. Keith Walton, Vice President, Government Affairs, Alcoa, Washington

Philip Zelikow, White Burkett Miller Professor of History, University of Virginia, Charlottesville; former Counselor, U.S. Department of State; former Executive Director, National Commission on Terrorist Attacks upon the United States ("9/11 Commission")

Former Members in Public Service

Lael Brainard, Under Secretary for International Affairs, U.S. Department of the Treasury Kurt Campbell, Assistant Secretary for East Asian and Pacific Affairs, U.S. State Department

Thomas E. Donilon, Assistant to the President, U.S. National Security Advisor

Michael B. G. Froman, Deputy Assistant to the President and Deputy National Security Advisor for International Economic Affairs, The White House

Timothy F. Geithner, U.S. Secretary of The Treasury

Susan E. Rice, U.S. Permanent Representative to the United Nations

[Comment]

Thou its is not clear if all members listed and those that are not, are fully under the influence fully of the controllers of "CFR" or the "Elites", however these people do definately help in shape and determine policy in achieving the goals and direct into the "Global Agenda".

"The Trilateral Commission is international and is intended to be the vehicle for multinational consolidation of the commercial and banking interests by seizing control of the political government of the U.S."

- Sen. Barry Goldwater

The Trilateral Commission is another tool used by the leaders of the CFR shadow government.

The world's elite utilizes secretive organizations such as the Committee of 300 structure, the CFR, the Bilderberg Society, and the Trilateral Commission to further its ultimate goal of global domination.

Although all these groups play a part in the movement toward a One World Government, the facts on the Trilateral Commission all lead us more specifically to the Council on Foreign Relations.

"The concept of the Trilateral Commission was originally brought to (David) Rockefeller by Zbigniew Brzezinski, then head of the Russian Studies Department at Columbia University. While at the Brookings Institution, Brzezinski had been researching the need for closer cooperation between the trilateral nations of Europe, North America, and Asia. -Rule by Secrecy

With the blessing of the Bilderbergers and the CFR, the Trilateral Commission began organizing on July 23-24, 1972, at the 3,500-acre Rockefeller estate at Pocantico Hills New York–Rule by Secrecy.

"Many of the original members of the Trilateral Commission are now in positions of power where they are able to implement policy recommendations of the Commission; recommendations that they, themselves, prepared on behalf of the Commission. It is for this reason that the Commission has acquired a reputation for being the Shadow Government of the West."

- Journalist and Trilateral Commission researcher Robert Eringer

"We're all about exposing the frauds that an investigation of the facts on the Trilateral Commission bring up, like the fact that the same founders who formed the CFR (which formed the Commission), formed the Federal Reserve."

"You need to understand that the elite funds its plans through illegal taxation and fraudulent debt creation. By blindly buying into federal taxes and a mountain of debt, Americans are unwittingly funding the elite and their totalitarian plans. It doesn't have to be this way. If the people are educated on the fraud, the fraud falls apart. "

The facts on the Trilateral Commission show us that its most influential members (who also are on the CFR Membership List) are extremely active in forming U.S. Government policy.

http://www.trilateral.org/download/file/TC_list_12-12%281%29.pdf (http://www.trilateral.org/download/file/TC_list_12-12%281%29.pdf)

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